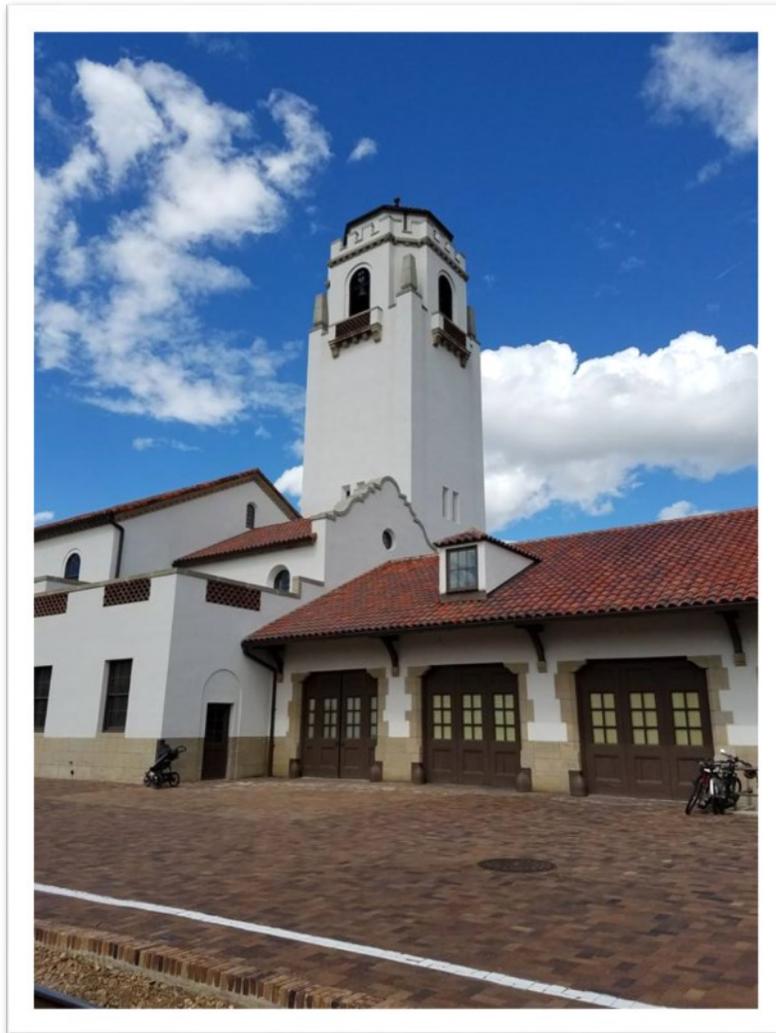

Crimes Against Property



**Boise Train Depot, Boise
Submitted by Michelle Clifford**

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Statewide Profile

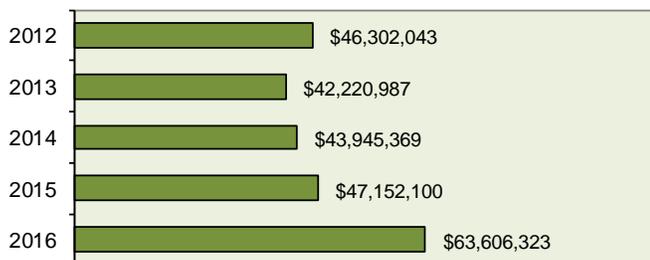
Data counts represent each offense within a reported crime incident.

Crimes Against Property

Offenses Reported	44,438
Change from 2015	1.9%
Rate per 100,000*	2,629.5
Total Arrests	7,727

20% of property loss recovered on stolen items.

Stolen Property Loss 5 Year Trend



Crimes Against Property by Category

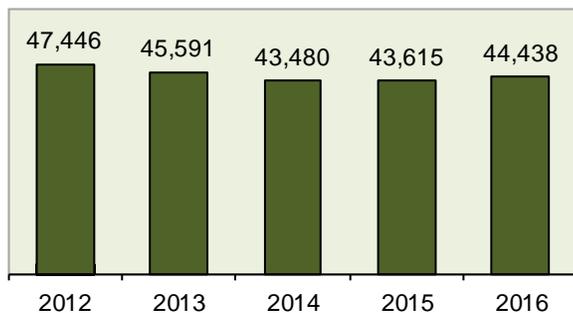
<u>Offenses</u>	<u>Distribution</u>
Larceny/Theft	48.4
Destruction of Property	18.3
Burglary/B&E	13.6
Fraud Offenses	10.0
Motor Vehicle Theft	4.7
Counterfeiting/Forgery	2.1
Stolen Property	1.3
Robbery	0.5
Arson	0.4
Embezzlement	0.3
Extortion/Blackmail	0.2
Bribery	0

Most frequent month of crime occurrence was July; least frequent was February.

Top Ten Property Items Stolen

- Money
- Automobiles
- Tools
- Jewelry/Precious Metals
- Household Items
- Computer Hardware
- Firearms
- Bicycles
- Electronics
- Merchandise

Total Crimes Against Property 5 Year Trend



* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Crimes Against Property

Robbery

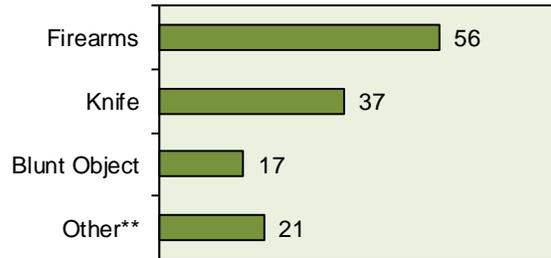
Definition

- The taking, or attempting to take, anything of value under confrontational circumstances from the control, custody, or care of another person by force or threat of force or by putting the victim in fear of immediate harm -

Robbery	
Offenses Reported	212
Change from 2015	10.4%
Rate per 100,000*	12.5
Total Arrests	92

Robbery is a violent confrontation between an offender and a victim; however, it is classified as a crime against property because the primary reason for committing the offense is to take something of value.

Robbery Incidents by Type of Weapons Used in 2016



Robbery Victims by Age in 2016



Most Frequent Locations of Robbery

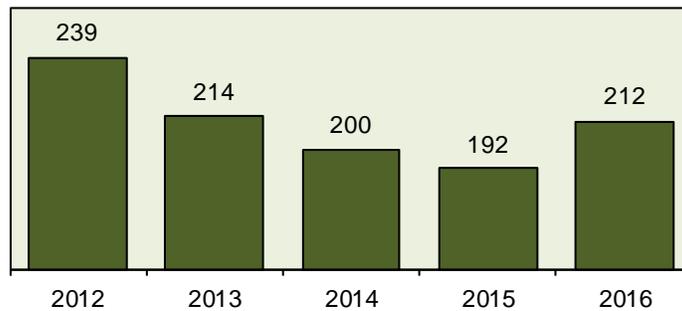
Location	Percent
Residence	33.5
Highway/Street	19.8
Convenience Store	8.9
Restaurant	7.1
Bank/Savings	6.1
Service/Gas Station	5.2
Department/Discount Store	2.8
Bar	2.4

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	59	11	6	0
Black	3	0	1	0
Indian	1	0	0	0
Asian	1	0	0	0
Unknown	5	2	3	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	50	11	5	0
Hispanic	11	0	2	0
Unknown	8	2	3	0

Robbery 5 Year Trend

10.8% of robbery arrestees were juveniles.



37.3% of individual victims of robbery were between the ages of 20 and 29.

39.2% of robberies occurred at a place of business.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968. **Other excludes personal (hand, fist, feet, etc.) weapon.

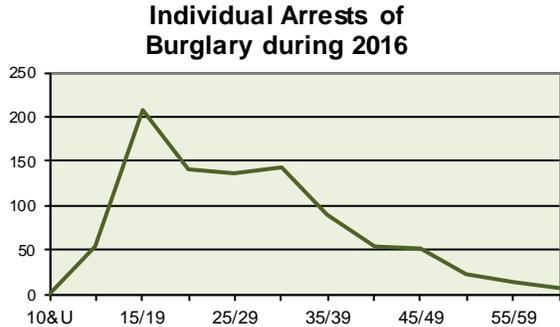
2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Burglary/Breaking & Entering

Definition

- The unlawful entry of a structure to commit a theft or felony -

Burglary/B&E	
Offenses Reported	6,071
Change from 2015	4.6%
Rate per 100,000*	359.2
Total Arrests	930



The offense of burglary/breaking & entering in the UCR program is counted when there is forcible entry, unlawful entry (no force), or attempted forcible entry of a structure. A vehicle is not considered a structure; therefore, theft from a vehicle is not included in this category.

Most Frequent Locations of Burglary

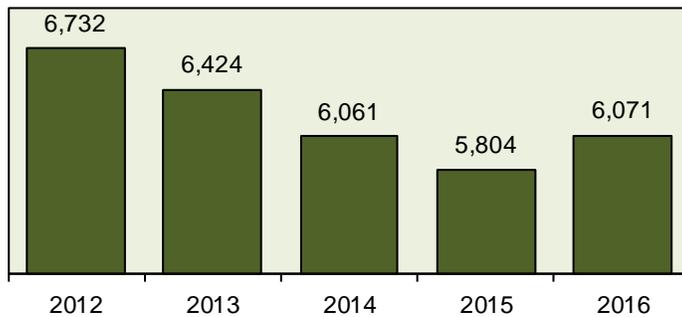
<u>Location</u>	<u>Percent</u>
Residence	66.7
Rental Storage Facility	5.3
Commercial/Office Building	4.4
Specialty Store	4.0
Department/Discount Store	2.3

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	477	202	144	19
Black	15	2	4	2
Indian	12	7	4	0
Asian	2	3	0	0
Unknown	17	5	9	1
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	449	185	124	19
Hispanic	50	28	28	2
Unknown	24	6	9	1

**Burglary/Breaking & Entering
5 Year Trend**

23.3% of burglary incidents occurred at a place of business.



19.7% of burglary arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Larceny/Theft Offenses

Definition
- The unlawful taking, carrying, leading, or riding away of property from the possession of another person -

Larceny/Theft Offenses

Offenses Reported	21,506
Change from 2015	0.5%
Rate per 100,000*	1272.6
Total Arrests	4,779

14.3% of larceny/theft offense arrestees were juveniles.

Larceny/Theft Offenses Category

Classification	# Reported	Distribution
All Other Larceny/Theft	8264	38.4
Shoplifting	5108	23.7
From Motor Vehicle	4859	22.6
From Buildings	2538	11.8
Motor Vehicle Parts/Accessories	494	2.3
Pocket Picking	187	0.8
Purse Snatching	32	0.1
From Coin Operated Machines	24	0.1

Arrestee Information

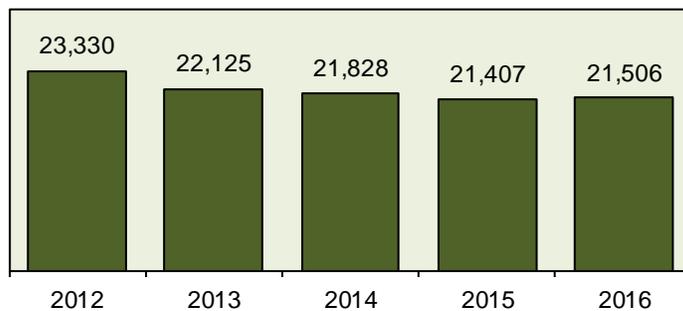
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	1758	1383	559	303
Black	49	19	16	15
Indian	53	61	10	11
Asian	8	19	3	1
Unknown	170	166	96	62
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	1648	1314	484	285
Hispanic	193	137	99	39
Unknown	197	197	101	68

Most Frequent Locations of Larceny/Theft Offenses

Location	Percent
Residence	43.3
Department Store	13.1
Grocery Store	7.0
Specialty Store	4.5
Convenience Store	3.7

38.9% of larceny/theft incidents occurred at a place of business.

Larceny/Theft Offenses 5 Year Trend



* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Motor Vehicle Theft

Definition
- The theft of a motor vehicle -

Motor Vehicle Theft

Offenses Reported	2,090
Change from 2015	10.7%
Rate per 100,000*	123.7
Total Arrests	225

15.1% of motor vehicle thefts occurred at a place of business.

Motor Vehicle Theft Category

Type of Vehicle	Distribution
Automobiles	82.4
Other Motor Vehicles	11.7
Trucks	7.1
Recreational Vehicles	4.2
Buses	0

A motor vehicle is defined for UCR purposes as a self-propelled vehicle that runs on land surface and not on rails, and whose primary purpose is to transport persons. Motorcycles, scooters, snowmobiles, golf carts, etc. are categorized under "other motor vehicles." Recreational vehicles are specifically designed to transport people and also provide them temporary lodging for recreational purposes. Tractors, farm and industrial equipment, and lawn mowers are not considered "motor vehicles," as their main purpose is not to transport persons. Motor vehicle theft includes the offense of "joy riding."

Estimated amount stolen \$14,360,111;
amount recovered \$10,145,337.

Most Frequent Locations of Motor Vehicle Thefts

Location	Percent
Residence	56.8
Highway/Street	11.7
Parking Lot	8.5
Commercial/Office Building	3.9
Specialty Store	3.7

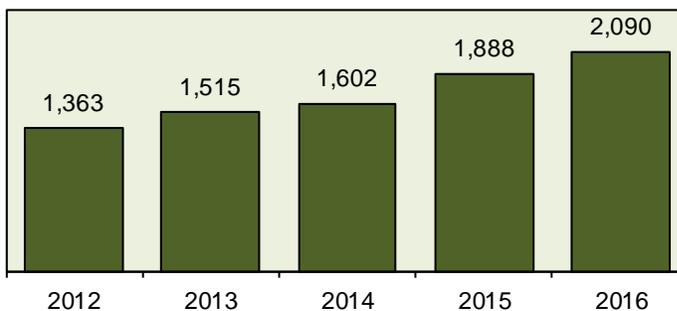
Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	103	30	36	22
Black	3	0	2	1
Indian	8	0	2	1
Asian	0	1	0	0
Unknown	7	1	3	4
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	99	27	31	18
Hispanic	16	3	10	6
Unknown	6	2	2	4

Motor Vehicle Theft 5 Year Trend

Average estimated loss per vehicle amounted to \$6,509.

31.5% of motor vehicle theft offense arrestees were juveniles.



* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Arson

Definition

- The unlawful or intentional damage, or attempt to damage, any real or personal property by fire or incendiary device -

Arson

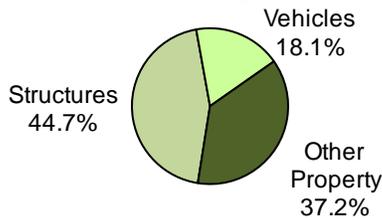
Offenses Reported	192
Change from 2015	-19.7%
Rate per 100,000*	11.4
Total Arrests	48

Only fires determined through investigation to have been unlawfully and intentionally set are to be classified as arson. Fires of suspicious or unknown origin should not be reported.

Value of Property Loss from Arson

Structures	\$ 417,184
Vehicles	\$ 169,008
Other Property	\$ 347,793
Total Loss	\$ 933,985

Arson Property Loss by Category



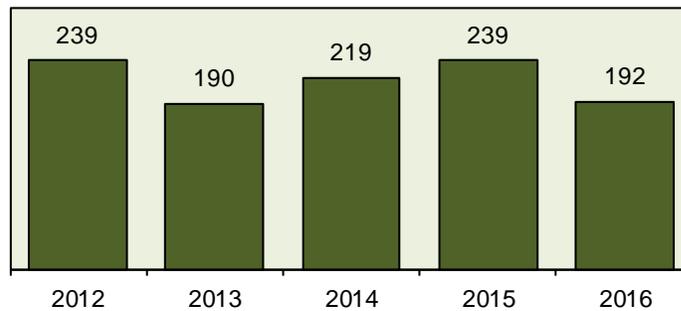
Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	16	6	17	1
Black	0	0	1	0
Indian	2	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	17	5	16	0
Hispanic	1	0	2	1
Unknown	0	1	4	0

Most Frequent Locations of Arson

Location	Percent
Residence	45.8
Field/Woods	24.5
Highway/Road	6.2
Parking Lot	5.7
Commercial Office Building	4.7
School/College	2.1

Arson 5 Year Trend



9.9% of arson incidents occurred at a place of business.

39.6% of arson offense arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Destruction/Damage/Vandalism of Property

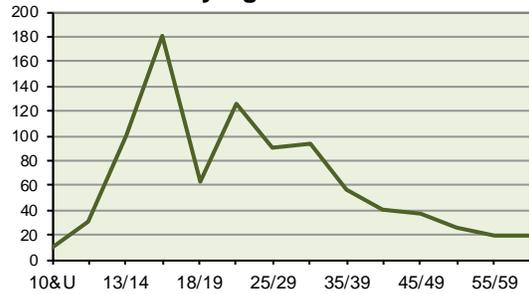
Definition

- To willfully or maliciously destroy, damage, deface, or otherwise injure real or personal property without the consent of the owner or the person having custody or control of it -

Destruction of Property

Offenses Reported	8,148
Change from 2015	-5.1%
Rate per 100,000*	482.1
Total Arrests	892

Destruction of Property Arrests by Age in 2016



Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	395	93	207	50
Black	11	0	6	1
Indian	8	3	5	0
Asian	2	1	3	0
Unknown	40	17	40	8
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	355	84	180	45
Hispanic	53	9	32	5
Unknown	48	21	49	9

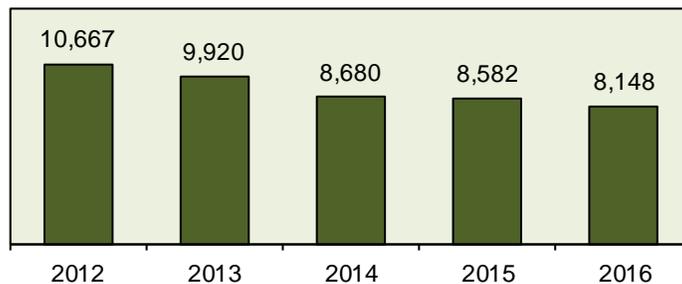
Value of Property Loss from Destruction of Property/Vandalism

Structure Loss Total:	\$ 1,668,664
Residential	\$ 567,499
Business	\$ 364,989
Public/Community	\$ 90,227
Other	\$ 645,949
Change from 2015	Down 23.1%
Vehicle Property Loss:	\$ 2,616,063
Change from 2015	Down 7.9%
Other Property Loss:	\$ 2,386,834
Change from 2015	Up 14.7%
Total Property Loss:	\$ 6,671,561
Change from 2015	Down 5.9%

Most Frequent Locations of Destruction of Property

Location	Percent
Residence	49.7
Highway/Street	11.4
Parking Lot	7.5
Commercial/Office Bldg.	5.0
Field/Woods	3.9
School/College	3.5

Destruction of Property/Vandalism 5 Year Trend



35.9% of destruction of property arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Counterfeiting/Forgery

Definition

- The altering, copying, or imitation of something, without authority or right, with the intent to deceive or defraud by passing the copy or thing altered or imitated as that which is original or genuine; or the selling, buying, or possession of an altered, copied, or imitated thing with the intent to deceive or defraud -

Counterfeiting/Forgery

Offenses Reported	938
Change from 2015	38.6%
Rate per 100,000*	55.5
Total Arrests	135

The data collection objective for this offense is to identify what type of item was counterfeited or forged. Nonnegotiable items, such as checks, money orders, and traveler's checks which are not endorsed, are reported with a zero value as these documents require further action to become negotiable.

Most Frequent Locations of Counterfeiting/Forgery

Location	Percent
Bank	20.7
Residence	18.0
Convenience Store	11.2
Grocery Store	7.1
Department/Discount Store	7.0
Restaurant	6.5
Specialty Store	4.8

71.9% of counterfeiting/forgery incidents occurred at a place of business.

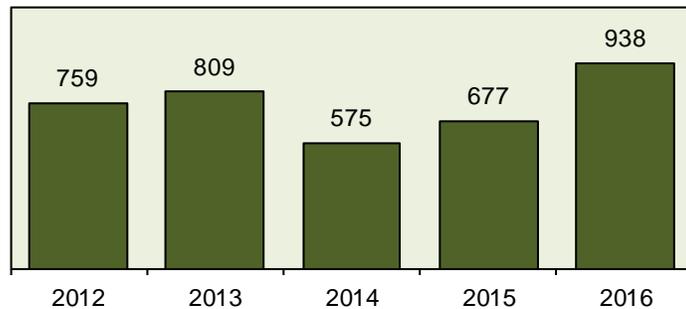
Type of Criminal Activity

Activity	Distribution
Possessing/Concealing	58.7
Using/Consuming	58.0
Cultivating/Manufacturing	33.6
Buying/Receiving	26.0
Distributing/Selling	12.5
Operating/Promoting	7.1
Transporting/Importing	7.0

Arrestee Information

Race	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
White	68	52	0	0
Black	7	0	0	0
Indian	1	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	3	3	0	1
Ethnicity				
Non Hispanic	68	47	0	0
Hispanic	6	3	0	0
Unknown	5	5	0	1

Counterfeiting/Forgery 5 Year Trend



\$465,445 loss on reported counterfeit money.

0.7% of counterfeiting/forgery arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Fraud Offenses

Definition

- The intentional perversion of the truth for the purpose of inducing another person or other entity in reliance upon it to part with something of value or surrender a legal right -

Fraud Offenses

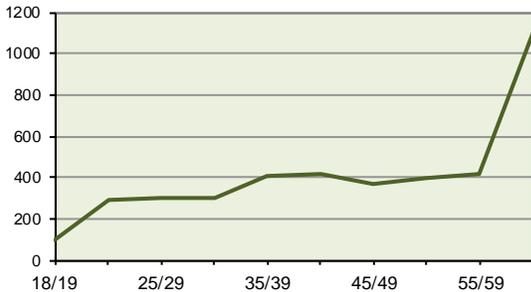
Offenses Reported	4,459
Change from 2015	6.9%
Rate per 100,000*	263.9
Total Arrests	288

Fraud offenses include pyramid schemes, impersonating a police officer, and the use of electronic devices to intentionally deceive another to obtain personal gain.

Fraud Offenses By Category

Classification	# Reported	Distribution
Credit Card	1,477	33.1
Swindle/Con Games	1653	37.0
Impersonation	1067	23.9
Wire	259	5.8
Welfare	3	0.2

Fraud Adult Victims by Age in 2016



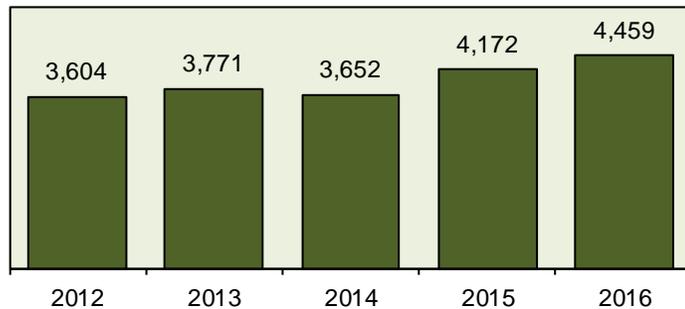
Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	117	77	19	11
Black	24	2	1	0
Indian	5	6	2	0
Asian	0	0	0	1
Unknown	10	9	2	2
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	121	74	22	10
Hispanic	23	13	0	2
Unknown	12	7	2	2

Most Frequent Locations of Fraud Offenses

Location	Percent
Residence	44.9
Bank/Savings	10.5
Department Store	7.5
Specialty Store	5.0
Convenience Store	3.3

Fraud Offenses 5 Year Trend



38.8% of fraud incidents occurred at a place of business.

13.2% of fraud arrestees were juveniles.

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Embezzlement

Definition

- The unlawful misappropriation by an offender to his/her own use or purpose of money, property, or some other thing of value entrusted in his/her care, custody, or control -

Embezzlement	
Offenses Reported	137
Change from 2015	1.5%
Rate per 100,000*	8.1
Total Arrests	54

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	21	16	1	4
Black	2	1	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	6	3	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	20	16	1	4
Hispanic	3	1	0	0
Unknown	6	3	0	0

Extortion/Blackmail

Definition

- Unlawfully obtain money, property, or any other thing of value, either tangible or intangible, through the use or threat of force, misuse of authority, threat of criminal prosecution, threat of destruction of reputation or social standing, or through other coercive means -

Extortion/Blackmail	
Offenses Reported	101
Change from 2015	494.1%
Rate per 100,000*	6.0
Total Arrests	11

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	5	4	1	0
Black	0	0	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	1	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	4	3	1	0
Hispanic	0	1	0	0
Unknown	1	1	0	0

Bribery

Definition

- The offering, giving, receiving, or soliciting of anything of value to sway the judgment or action of a person in a position of trust or influence -

Bribery	
Offenses Reported	4
Change from 2015	33.3%
Rate per 100,000*	0.2
Total Arrests	0

Arrestee Information				
	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	0	0	0	0
Black	0	0	0	0
Indian	0	0	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	0	0	0	0
Hispanic	0	0	0	0
Unknown	0	0	0	0

* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.

2016 Idaho Crimes Against Property

Stolen Property Offenses

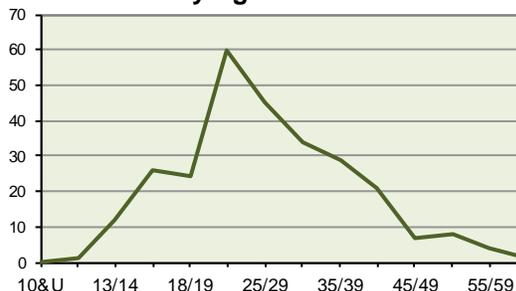
Definition

- Receiving, buying, selling, possessing, concealing, or transporting any property with the knowledge that it has been unlawfully taken, as by burglary, embezzlement, fraud, larceny, robbery, etc. -

Stolen Property

Offenses Reported	580
Change from 2015	16.2%
Rate per 100,000*	34.3
Total Arrests	273

Stolen Property Arrests by Age in 2016



Type of Criminal Activity

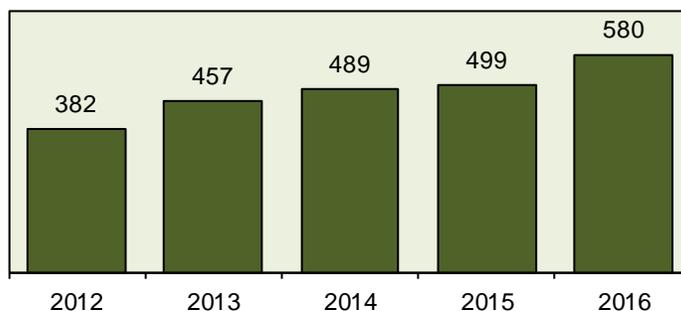
Activity	Distribution
Possessing/Concealing	85.5
Using/Consuming	9.3
Buying/Receiving	8.9
Distributing/Selling	6.7
Transporting/Importing	3.4
Operating/Promoting	2.4
Cultivation/Manufacturing	0

Arrestee Information

	Adult		Juvenile	
	Male	Female	Male	Female
<u>Race</u>				
White	151	53	28	6
Black	6	2	0	0
Indian	2	1	0	0
Asian	0	0	0	0
Unknown	16	2	4	1
<u>Ethnicity</u>				
Non Hispanic	127	52	22	6
Hispanic	32	3	6	0
Unknown	16	3	4	1

14.3% of stolen property arrestees were juveniles.

Stolen Property 5 Year Trend



* Adjusted population base: 1,689,968.